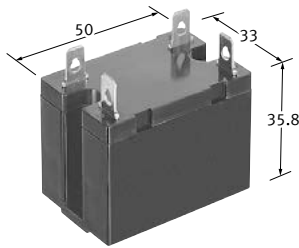


## HE RELAYS

### TV-10/TV-15 rated, 1 Form A 30 A, 2 Form A 25 A, Power relays

**Protective construction**

- Dust cover type : Plug-in, TM and Screw terminal types
- Flux-resistant type : PC board type



1 Form A Plug-in type

(Unit : mm)

**FEATURES**

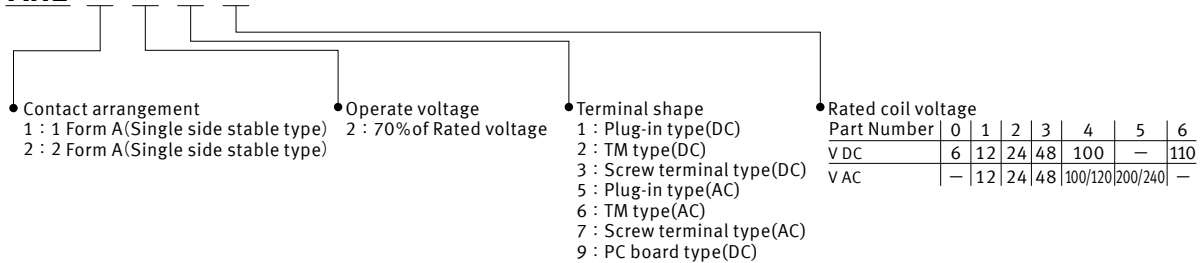
- **High capacity:** 30 A (1 Form A), 25 A (2 Form A)
- **TV standard approved:** TV-15 (1 Form A), TV-10 (2 Form A)
- **Surge withstand voltage:** 10,000 V (between contact and coil)
- **Terminal sockets are available**

**TYPICAL APPLICATIONS**

- Office equipment
- Industrial equipment
- Home appliances

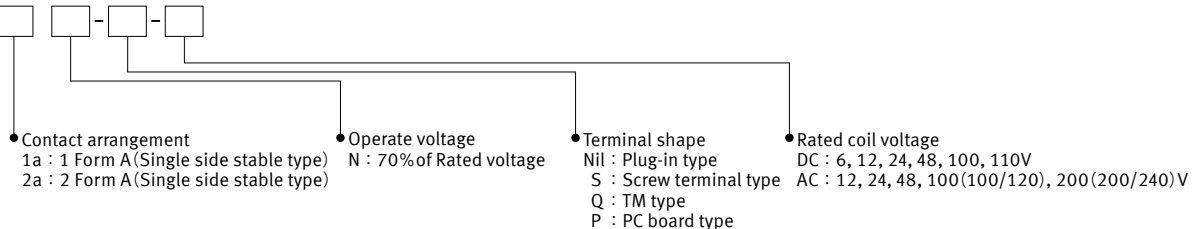
**ORDERING INFORMATION (PART NO. : Ordering part number for Japanese market)**

**AHE**



**ORDERING INFORMATION (TYPE NO. : Ordering part number for non Japanese market)**

**HE**



**CLASSIFICATION**

Item	PC board terminal	Plug-in terminal	TM type	Screw terminal
Operational function	Single side stable			
Contact arrangement	1 Form A	1 Form A	2 Form A	1 Form A
Insulation gap	Min. 8 mm			
Distance between contacts (Reference value)	Min. 2.5 mm	Min. 3 mm		
Dielectric strength (initial)	Between open contacts	2,000 Vrms for 1 min		
	Between contact and coil	5,000 Vrms for 1 min		

# Power relays (Over 2 A) HE RELAYS

## TYPES

" Type No. " is ordering part number for non Japanese market. " Part No. " is ordering part number for Japanese market.

### ■ DC PC board terminal

Rated coil voltage	1 Form A		Standard packing	
	Type No.	Part No.	Inner carton	Outer carton
6 V DC	HE1aN-P-DC6V	AHE1290	25 pcs.	100 pcs.
12 V DC	HE1aN-P-DC12V	AHE1291		
24 V DC	HE1aN-P-DC24V	AHE1292		
48 V DC	HE1aN-P-DC48V	AHE1293		
100 V DC	HE1aN-P-DC100V	AHE1294		
110 V DC	HE1aN-P-DC110V	AHE1296		

### ■ Plug-in terminal

Type	Rated coil voltage	1 Form A		2 Form A		Standard packing	
		Type No.	Part No.	Type No.	Part No.	Inner carton	Outer carton
DC type	6 V DC	HE1aN-DC6V	AHE1210	HE2aN-DC6V	AHE2210	20 pcs.	100 pcs.
	12 V DC	HE1aN-DC12V	AHE1211	HE2aN-DC12V	AHE2211		
	24 V DC	HE1aN-DC24V	AHE1212	HE2aN-DC24V	AHE2212		
	48 V DC	HE1aN-DC48V	AHE1213	HE2aN-DC48V	AHE2213		
	100 V DC	HE1aN-DC100V	AHE1214	HE2aN-DC100V	AHE2214		
	110 V DC	HE1aN-DC110V	AHE1216	HE2aN-DC110V	AHE2216		
AC type	12 V AC	HE1aN-AC12V	AHE1251	HE2aN-AC12V	AHE2251		
	24 V AC	HE1aN-AC24V	AHE1252	HE2aN-AC24V	AHE2252		
	48 V AC	HE1aN-AC48V	AHE1253	HE2aN-AC48V	AHE2253		
	100/120 V AC	HE1aN-AC100V	AHE1254	HE2aN-AC100V	AHE2254		
	200/240 V AC	HE1aN-AC200V	AHE1255	HE2aN-AC200V	AHE2255		

### ■ TM type

Type	Rated coil voltage	1 Form A		2 Form A		Standard packing	
		Type No.	Part No.	Type No.	Part No.	Inner carton	Outer carton
DC type	6 V DC	HE1aN-Q-DC6V	AHE1220	HE2aN-Q-DC6V	AHE2220	20 pcs.	100 pcs.
	12 V DC	HE1aN-Q-DC12V	AHE1221	HE2aN-Q-DC12V	AHE2221		
	24 V DC	HE1aN-Q-DC24V	AHE1222	HE2aN-Q-DC24V	AHE2222		
	48 V DC	HE1aN-Q-DC48V	AHE1223	HE2aN-Q-DC48V	AHE2223		
	100 V DC	HE1aN-Q-DC100V	AHE1224	HE2aN-Q-DC100V	AHE2224		
	110 V DC	HE1aN-Q-DC110V	AHE1226	HE2aN-Q-DC110V	AHE2226		
AC type	12 V AC	HE1aN-Q-AC12V	AHE1261	HE2aN-Q-AC12V	AHE2261		
	24 V AC	HE1aN-Q-AC24V	AHE1262	HE2aN-Q-AC24V	AHE2262		
	48 V AC	HE1aN-Q-AC48V	AHE1263	HE2aN-Q-AC48V	AHE2263		
	100/120 V AC	HE1aN-Q-AC100V	AHE1264	HE2aN-Q-AC100V	AHE2264		
	200/240 V AC	HE1aN-Q-AC200V	AHE1265	HE2aN-Q-AC200V	AHE2265		

### ■ Screw terminal

Type	Rated coil voltage	1 Form A		2 Form A		Standard packing	
		Type No.	Part No.	Type No.	Part No.	Inner carton	Outer carton
DC type	6 V DC	HE1aN-S-DC6V	AHE1230	HE2aN-S-DC6V	AHE2230	10 pcs.	50 pcs.
	12 V DC	HE1aN-S-DC12V	AHE1231	HE2aN-S-DC12V	AHE2231		
	24 V DC	HE1aN-S-DC24V	AHE1232	HE2aN-S-DC24V	AHE2232		
	48 V DC	HE1aN-S-DC48V	AHE1233	HE2aN-S-DC48V	AHE2233		
	100 V DC	HE1aN-S-DC100V	AHE1234	HE2aN-S-DC100V	AHE2234		
	110 V DC	HE1aN-S-DC110V	AHE1236	HE2aN-S-DC110V	AHE2236		
AC type	12 V AC	HE1aN-S-AC12V	AHE1271	HE2aN-S-AC12V	AHE2271		
	24 V AC	HE1aN-S-AC24V	AHE1272	HE2aN-S-AC24V	AHE2272		
	48 V AC	HE1aN-S-AC48V	AHE1273	HE2aN-S-AC48V	AHE2273		
	100/120 V AC	HE1aN-S-AC100V	AHE1274	HE2aN-S-AC100V	AHE2274		
	200/240 V AC	HE1aN-S-AC200V	AHE1275	HE2aN-S-AC200V	AHE2275		

For the terminal sockets, please refer to the "HE RELAYS Terminal sockets".

## RATING

## ■ Coil data

- Operating characteristics such as 'Operate voltage' and 'Release voltage' are influenced by mounting conditions, ambient temperature, etc.

Therefore, please use the relay within  $\pm 5\%$  of rated coil voltage.

- 'Initial' means the condition of products at the time of delivery.

## ● AC type

Rated coil voltage	Operate voltage* (at 20°C)	Release voltage* (at 20°C)	Rated operating current ( $\pm 10\%$ , at 20°C)	Rated operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C)
12 V AC	Max. 70% V of rated coil voltage (Initial)	Min. 15% V of rated coil voltage (Initial)	138 mA	1.7 VA	110% V of rated coil voltage
24 V AC			74 mA	1.8 VA	
48 V AC			39 mA	1.9 VA	
100/120 V AC	Max. 70 V AC (Initial)	Min. 18 V AC (Initial)	18.7 to 22.1 mA	1.9 to 2.7 VA	
200/240 V AC	Max. 140 V AC (Initial)	Min. 36 V AC (Initial)	9.1 to 10.8 mA	1.8 to 2.6 VA	

\*Square, pulse drive

## ● DC type

Rated coil voltage	Operate voltage* (at 20°C)	Release voltage* (at 20°C)	Rated operating current ( $\pm 10\%$ , at 20°C)	Coil resistance ( $\pm 10\%$ , at 20°C)	Rated operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 55°C)
6 V DC	Max. 70% V of rated coil voltage (Initial)	Min. 10% V of rated coil voltage (Initial)	320 mA	18.8 $\Omega$	1,920 mW	110% V of rated coil voltage
12 V DC			160 mA	75 $\Omega$		
24 V DC			80 mA	300 $\Omega$		
48 V DC			40 mA	1,200 $\Omega$		
100 V DC			19 mA	5,200 $\Omega$		
110 V DC			18 mA	6,300 $\Omega$		

\*Square, pulse drive

# Power relays (Over 2 A) HE RELAYS

## ■ Specifications

Item		Specifications	
Contact data	Contact arrangement	1 Form A	2 Form A
	Contact resistance (initial)	Max. 100 mΩ (by voltage drop 6 V DC 1 A)	
	Contact material	AgSnO <sub>2</sub> type	
	Contact rating (resistive)	30 A 277 V AC	25 A 277 V AC
	Max. switching power (resistive)	8,310 VA	6,925 VA
	Max. switching voltage	277 V AC, 30 V DC	
	Max. switching current	30 A (AC)	25 A (AC)
	Min. switching load (reference value)*1	100 mA 5 V DC	
Insulation resistance (initial)		Min. 1,000 MΩ (at 500 V DC, Measured portion is the same as the case of dielectric strength.)	
Dielectric strength (initial)	Between open contacts	2,000 Vrms for 1 min (detection current: 10 mA)	
	Between contact sets	-	4,000 Vrms for 1 min (detection current: 10 mA)
	Between contact and coil	5,000 Vrms for 1 min (detection current: 10 mA)	
Surge withstand voltage (initial)*2	Between contact and coil	10,000 V	
Time characteristics (initial)	Operate time	Max. 30 ms at rated coil voltage (at 20°C, without bounce)	
	Release time	DC: Max. 10 ms at rated coil voltage (at 20°C, without bounce, without diode) AC: Max. 30 ms at rated coil voltage (at 20°C, without bounce)	
Shock resistance	Functional	98 m/s <sup>2</sup> (half-sine shock pulse: 11 ms, detection time: 10 μs)	
	Destructive	980 m/s <sup>2</sup> (half-sine shock pulse: 6 ms)	
Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz (at double amplitude of 1 mm, detection time: 10 μs)	
	Destructive	10 to 55 Hz (at double amplitude of 1.5 mm)	
Expected life	Mechanical life	DC: Min. 10 x 10 <sup>6</sup> (switching frequency: 180 times/min), AC: Min. 5 x 10 <sup>6</sup> (switching frequency: 180 times/min)	
Conditions	Conditions for usage, transport and storage*3	Temperature: -50 to +55°C, Humidity: 5 to 85% RH (Avoid icing and condensation)	
Unit weight		PC board terminal: Approx. 80 g, Plug-in terminal and TM type: Approx. 90 g, Screw terminal: Approx. 120 g	

\*1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

\*2 Wave is standard shock voltage of  $\pm 1.2 \times 50 \mu\text{s}$  according to JEC-212-1981

\*3 For ambient temperature, please read "GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE".

## ■ Expected electrical life

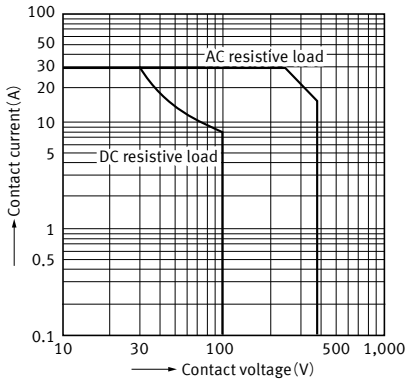
Conditions: Resistive load, switching frequency 20 times/min

Type	Switching capacity	Number of operations
1 Form A	30 A 250 V AC	Min. 200 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
2 Form A	20 A 250 V AC	Min. 200 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
	25 A 277 V AC	Min. 100 x 10 <sup>3</sup>

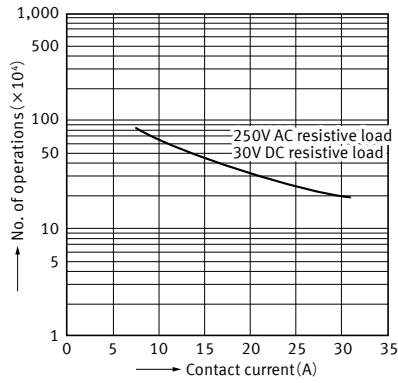
REFERENCE DATA

■ 1 Form A

1. Max. switching capacity

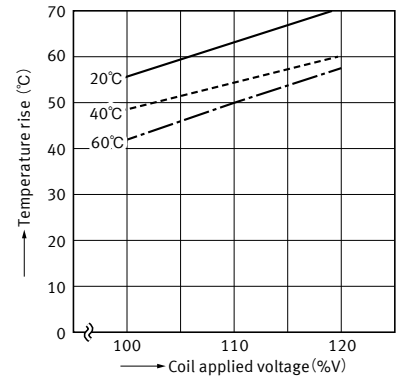


2. Switching life curve



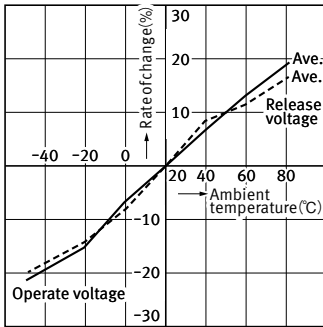
3. Coil temperature characteristics (DC type)

Measured portion : Coil inside  
Contact current : 30A



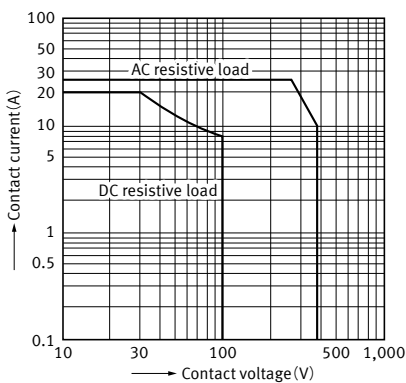
4. Ambient temperature characteristics (Average)

Tested sample : HE1aN-120V AC, 6pcs.

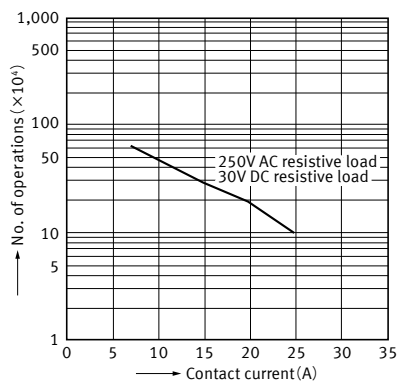


■ 2 Form A

1. Max. switching capacity

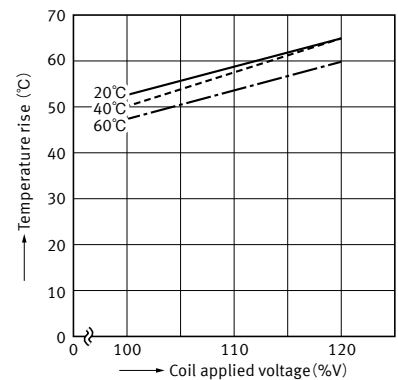


2. Switching life curve



3. Coil temperature characteristics (DC type)

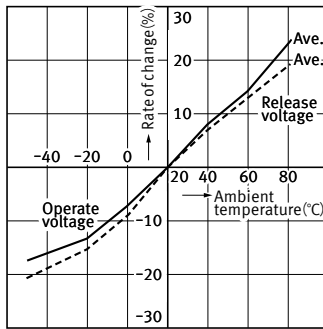
Measured portion : Coil inside  
Contact current : 25A



# Power relays (Over 2 A) HE RELAYS

## 4. Ambient temperature characteristics (Average)

Tested sample : HE2aN-120V AC, 6 pcs.



### DIMENSIONS

**CAD** The CAD data of the products with a "CAD" mark can be downloaded from our Website.

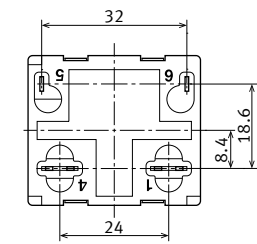
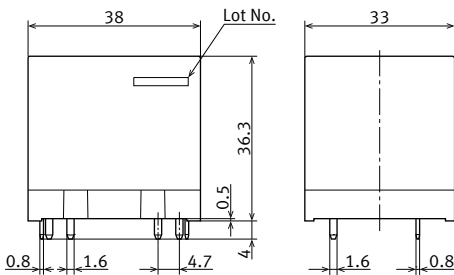
Unit: mm

### PC board terminal

● 1 Form A

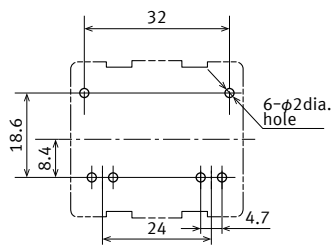
#### CAD

#### External dimensions



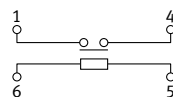
General tolerance  
Less than 1mm :  $\pm 0.1$   
Min. 1mm less than 3mm :  $\pm 0.2$   
Min. 3mm :  $\pm 0.3$

#### Recommended PC board pattern (BOTTOM VIEW)



Tolerance  $\pm 0.1$

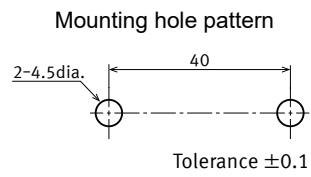
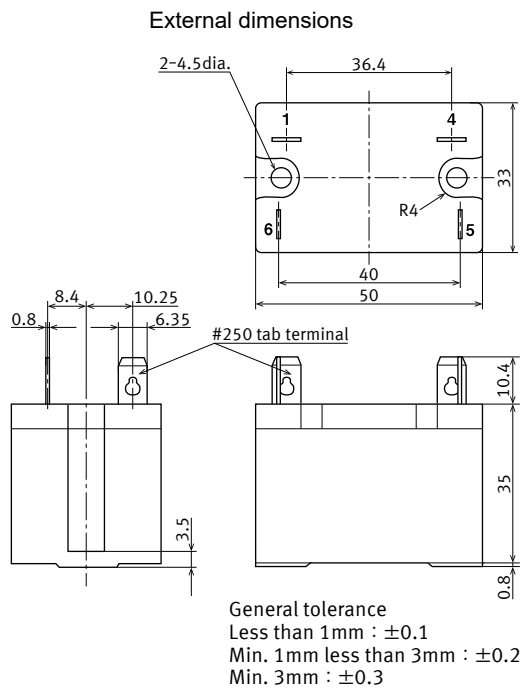
#### Schematic (BOTTOM VIEW)



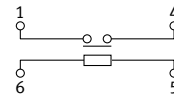
■ Plug-in terminal

● 1 Form A

CAD

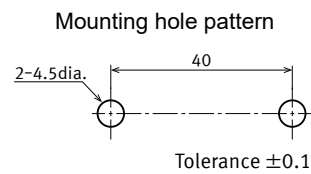
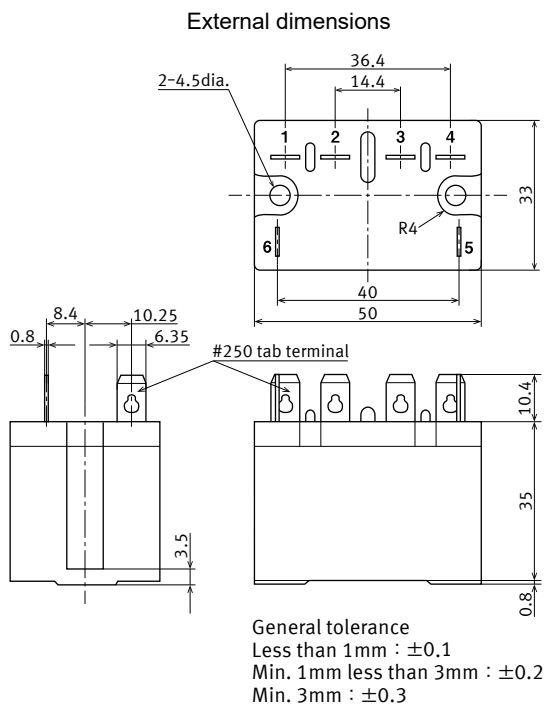


Schematic  
(BOTTOM VIEW)

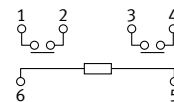


● 2 Form A

CAD



Schematic  
(BOTTOM VIEW)





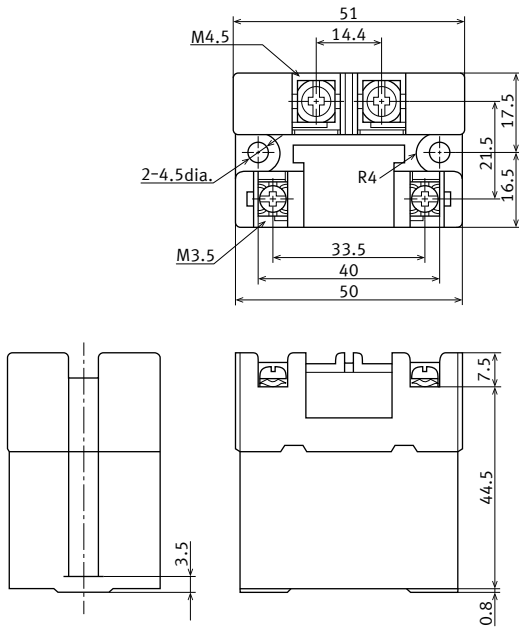


■ Screw terminal

● 1 Form A

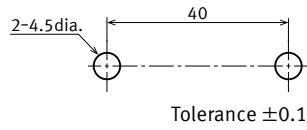
CAD

External dimensions

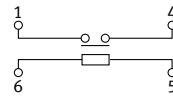


General tolerance  
 Less than 1mm :  $\pm 0.1$   
 Min. 1mm less than 3mm :  $\pm 0.2$   
 Min. 3mm :  $\pm 0.3$

Mounting hole pattern



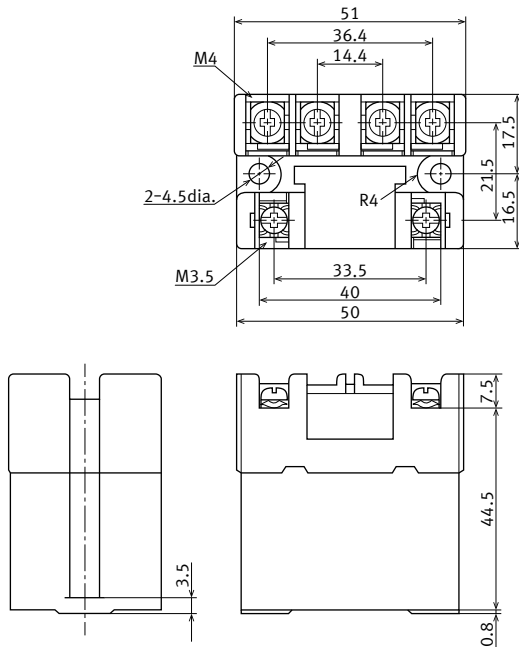
Schematic  
 (BOTTOM VIEW)



● 2 Form A

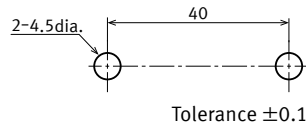
CAD

External dimensions

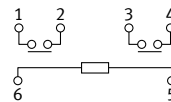


General tolerance  
 Less than 1mm :  $\pm 0.1$   
 Min. 1mm less than 3mm :  $\pm 0.2$   
 Min. 3mm :  $\pm 0.3$

Mounting hole pattern

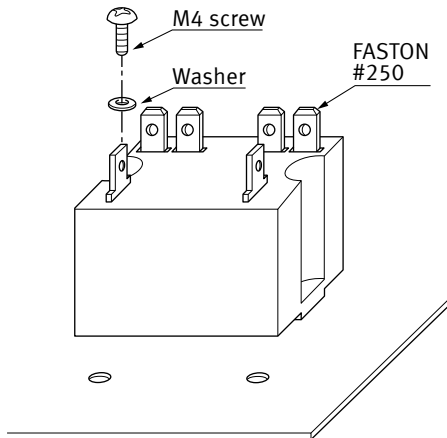


Schematic  
 (BOTTOM VIEW)

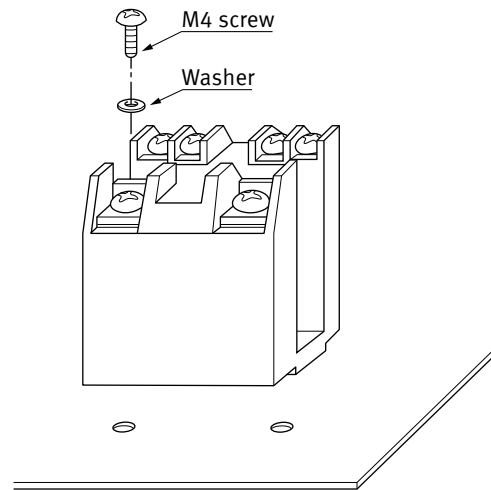


## MOUNTING METHOD

### ■ Plug-in terminal



### ■ Screw terminal



Due to the UP terminals, it is possible to either directly connect the wires or use crimped terminal.

## SAFETY STANDARDS

Each standard may be updated at any time, so please check our Website for the latest information

### ■ UL/C-UL (Recognized)

1 Form A

File No.	Contact rating	Cycles
E43028	30 A 277 V AC	100×10 <sup>3</sup>
	30 A 30 V DC	100×10 <sup>3</sup>
	3 HP 250 V AC	100×10 <sup>3</sup>
	1.5 HP 125 V AC	100×10 <sup>3</sup>

2 Form A

File No.	Contact rating	Cycles
E43028	25 A 277 V AC	100×10 <sup>3</sup>
	25 A 30 V DC	100×10 <sup>3</sup>
	3 HP 277 V AC	30×10 <sup>3</sup>
	2 HP 250 V AC	100×10 <sup>3</sup>
	1.5 HP 120 V AC	30×10 <sup>3</sup>
	1 HP 125 V AC	100×10 <sup>3</sup>

### ■ VDE (Certified)

VDE: Approved for products having a different last digit of Part No. Please contact us.

1 Form A

File No.	Contact rating	Cycles	Temp.
40006681	30 A 250 V AC (cosΦ =1.0)	100×10 <sup>3</sup>	25°C
	30 A 250 V AC (cosΦ =0.4)	100×10 <sup>3</sup>	25°C
	5 A 110 V DC (0 ms)	100×10 <sup>3</sup>	25°C

2 Form A

File No.	Contact rating	Cycles	Temp.
40006681	25 A 250 V AC (cosΦ =1.0)	100×10 <sup>3</sup>	25°C
	25 A 250 V AC (cosΦ =0.4)	100×10 <sup>3</sup>	25°C
	5 A 110 V DC (0 ms)	100×10 <sup>3</sup>	25°C

### ■ TV rating

1 Form A

File No.	Contact rating
UL: E43028	TV-15

2 Form A

File No.	Contact rating
UL: E43028	TV-10

### ■ CSA (Certified)

1 Form A

File No.	Contact rating	Cycles
LR26550	30 A 277 V AC	100×10 <sup>3</sup>
	30 A 30 V DC	100×10 <sup>3</sup>
	3 HP 250 V AC	100×10 <sup>3</sup>
	1.5 HP 125 V AC	100×10 <sup>3</sup>

2 Form A

File No.	Contact rating	Cycles
LR26550	25 A 277 V AC	100×10 <sup>3</sup>
	25 A 30 V DC	100×10 <sup>3</sup>
	2 HP 250 V AC	100×10 <sup>3</sup>
	1 HP 125 V AC	100×10 <sup>3</sup>

### ■ TÜV (Certified)

1 Form A

File No.	Contact rating
B 18 03 13461 369	30 A 250 V AC (cosΦ=1.0)
	30 A 250 V AC (cosΦ=0.4)
	8 A 110 V DC (0 ms)

2 Form A

File No.	Contact rating
B 18 03 13461 369	25 A 250 V AC (cosΦ=1.0)
	25 A 250 V AC (cosΦ=0.4)
	8 A 110 V DC (0 ms)

### ■ CQC (Certified)

1 Form A

File No.	Contact rating	Cycles	Temp.
CQC13002100110	30 A 250 V AC	10×10 <sup>3</sup>	55°C

2 Form A

File No.	Contact rating	Cycles	Temp.
CQC13002100110	20 A 250 V AC	10×10 <sup>3</sup>	55°C

**INSULATION CHARACTERISTICS (IEC61810-1)**

Item	Characteristics
Clearance/Creepage distance (IEC61810-1)	Min. 5.5/8.0 mm
Category of protection (IEC61810-1)	RT II
Tracking resistance (IEC60112)	PTI 175
Insulation material group	III a
Over voltage category	III
Rated voltage	250 V
Pollution degree	3
Type of insulation (Between contact and coil)	Reinforced insulation
Type of insulation (Between open contact)	Full disconnection

\*Actual value

**GUIDELINES FOR USAGE**

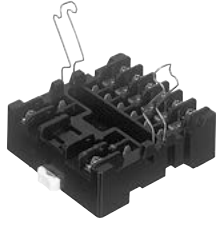
■ For cautions for use, please read “GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE”.  
[https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/control/relay/cautions\\_use/index.jsp](https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/control/relay/cautions_use/index.jsp)

**■ Cautions for usage of HE relays**

- The dust cover should not be removed since doing so may alter the characteristics. (A cover doesn't remove by usual handling.)
- Avoid use under severe environmental conditions, such as high humidity, organic gas or in dust, oily locations and locations subjected to extremely frequent shock or vibrations.
- When mounting, use spring washers. Optimum fastening torque ranges from 49 to 68.6 N·m (5 to 7 kgf·cm).
- Firmly insert the receptacles so that there is no slack or looseness. To remove a receptacle, 19.6 to 39.2 N (2 to 4 kg) of pulling strength is required. Do not remove more than one receptacle at one time. Always remove one receptacle at a time and pull it straight outwards.
- When using the AC type, the operate time and release time due to the in-rush phase is 20 ms or more. Therefore, it is necessary for you to verify the characteristics for your actual circuit.
- When using the push-on blocks for the screw terminal type, use crimped terminals and tighten the screw-down terminals to the torque below.

M4.5 screw	147 to 166.6 N·cm (15 to 17 kgf·cm)
M4 screw	117.6 to 137 N·cm (12 to 14 kgf·cm)
M3.5 screw	78.4 to 98 N·cm (8 to 10 kgf·cm)

# HE RELAYS Terminal sockets



## TYPES

Product name	Type No.	Part No.	Standard packing	
			Inner carton	Case
1 Form A	JH1-SF	AR58102	10 pcs.	50 pcs.
2 Form A	JH2-SF	AR58202		

## RATING

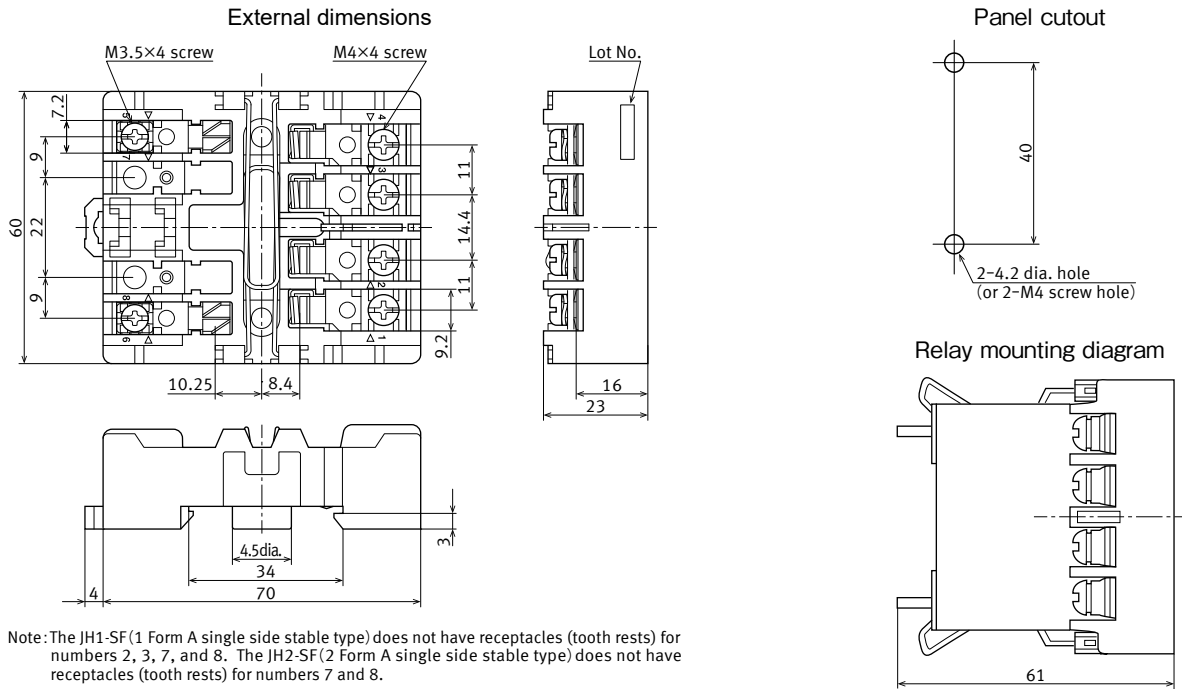
Item	Specifications	
Contact arrangement	1 Form A	2 Form A
Dielectric strength (initial)	Each between terminals: 2,000 Vrms for 1 min (detection current:10 mA) Between contacts – coil side: 5,000 Vrms for 1 min (detection current:10 mA)	
Insulation resistance (initial)	Each between terminals: Min. 100 MΩ (at 500 V DC, Measured portion is the same as the case of dielectric strength.)	
Maximum carrying current	30 A 250 V AC	20 A 250 V AC
Conditions for usage, transport and storage	Ambient temperature: -50 to +55°C Humidity:5 to 85% RH (Avoid icing and condensation)	

## DIMENSIONS

**CAD** The CAD data of the products with a "CAD" mark can be downloaded from our Website.

Unit: mm

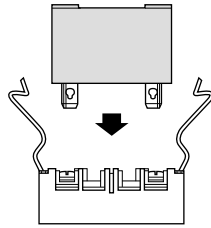
### CAD



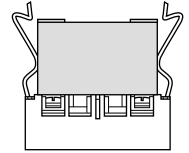
**HANDLING**

**■ Mounting method of relay**

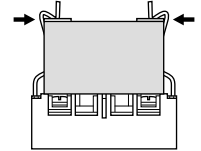
1) Match the direction of relay and terminal socket.



2) Insert both ends of the relay firmly, all the way in.

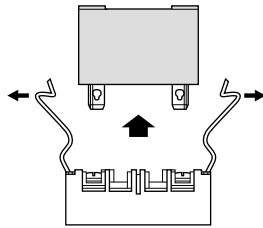


3) Press the hooks in the direction of the arrows to attach the relay securely.



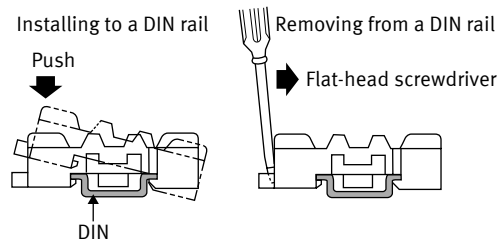
**■ Removing method of relay**

Pull out the relay after fully releasing both hooks



**■ Mounting to a DIN rail and Removing from a DIN rail**

- Please use a DIN Standard rail of the 35 mm width (DIN46277 and IEC60715).
- Mounting and removing methods will be as follows.



**GUIDELINES FOR USAGE**

- Be sure to tighten the screw-down terminals firmly. Loose terminals may lead to the generation of heat.
- When the 1 Form A is used in situations covered by the Japanese Electrical Appliance and Material Control Law, the use of 5.5 mm<sup>2</sup> cabling and 30 A current is not allowed. Consequently, the circuit should be less than 20 A.

- When fixing the terminal socket with screws, to avoid torque damage and distortion, apply torque within the ranges shown below.

M3.5 screw	0.784 to 0.98 N·m (8 to 10 kgf·cm)
M4 screw	1.176 to 1.37 N·m (12 to 14 kgf·cm)

# GUIDELINES FOR POWER, HIGH-CAPACITY DC CUT OFF AND SAFETY RELAYS USAGE

■ For cautions for use, please read “GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE”.  
[https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/control/relay/cautions\\_use/index.jsp](https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/control/relay/cautions_use/index.jsp)

## Precautions for Coil Input

### ■ Long term current carrying

A circuit that will be carrying a current continuously for long periods without relay switching operation. (circuits for emergency lamps, alarm devices and error inspection that, for example, revert only during malfunction and output warnings with form B contacts)  
Continuous, long-term current to the coil will facilitate deterioration of coil insulation and characteristics due to heating of the coil itself. For circuits such as these, please use a magnetic-hold type latching relay. If you need to use a single stable relay, use a sealed type relay that is not easily affected by ambient conditions and make a failsafe circuit design that considers the possibility of contact failure or disconnection.

### ■ DC Coil operating power

Steady state DC current should be applied to the coil. The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%.

However, please check with the actual circuit since the electrical characteristics may vary. The rated coil voltage should be applied to the coil and the set/reset pulse time of latching type relay differs for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications.

### ■ Coil connection

When connecting coils of polarized relays, please check coil polarity (+,-) at the internal connection diagram (Schematic). If any wrong connection is made, it may cause unexpected malfunction, like abnormal heat, fire and so on, and circuit do not work. Avoid impressing voltages to the set coil and reset coil at the same time.

## Ambient Environment

### ■ Usage, Transport, and Storage Conditions

During usage, storage, or transportation, avoid locations subjected to direct sunlight and maintain normal temperature, humidity and pressure conditions.

### ● Temperature/Humidity/Pressure

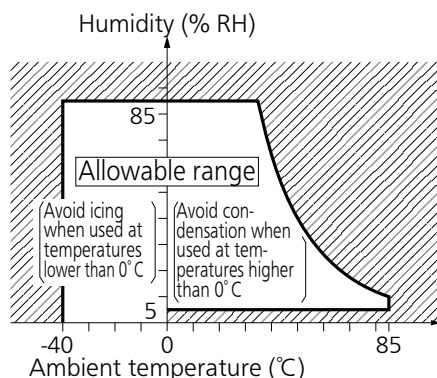
When transporting or storing relays while they are tube packaged, there are cases the temperature may differ from the allowable range. In this case be sure to check the individual specifications. Also allowable humidity level is influenced by temperature, please check charts shown below and use relays within mentioned conditions. (Allowable temperature values differ for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications.)

#### 1) Temperature:

The tolerance temperature range differs for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications

#### 2) Humidity: 5 to 85 % RH

#### 3) Pressure: 86 to 106 kPa



### ■ Maximum allowable voltage and temperature rise

Proper usage requires that the rated coil voltage be impressed on the coil. Note, however, that if a voltage greater than or equal to the maximum continuous voltage is impressed on the coil, the coil may burn or its layers short due to the temperature rise. Furthermore, do not exceed the usable ambient temperature range listed in the catalog.

### ■ Operate voltage change due to coil temperature rise

In DC relays, after continuous passage of current in the coil, if the current is turned OFF, then immediately turned ON again, due to the temperature rise in the coil, the operate voltage will become somewhat higher. Also, it will be the same as using it in a higher temperature atmosphere. The resistance/temperature relationship for copper wire is about 0.4% for 1°C, and with this ratio the coil resistance increases. That is, in order to operate of the relay, it is necessary that the voltage be higher than the operate voltage and the operate voltage rises in accordance with the increase in the resistance value. However, for some polarized relays, this rate of change is considerably smaller.

### ● Dew condensation

Condensation occurs when the ambient temperature drops suddenly from a high temperature and humidity, or the relay is suddenly transferred from a low ambient temperature to a high temperature and humidity. Condensation causes the failures like insulation deterioration, wire disconnection and rust etc. Panasonic Corporation does not guarantee the failures caused by condensation.

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of device itself, and the condensation may occur.

Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage. (Special attention should be paid when high temperature heating parts are close to the device. Also please consider the condensation may occur inside of the device.)

### ● Icing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on relays when the temperature become lower than 0°C. This icing causes the sticking of movable portion, the operation delay and the contact conduction failure etc. Panasonic Corporation does not guarantee the failures caused by the icing.

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of relay itself and the icing may occur. Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage.

### ● Low temperature and low humidity

The plastic becomes brittle if the switch is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

### ● High temperature and high humidity

Storage for extended periods of time (including transportation periods) at high temperature or high humidity levels or in atmospheres with organic gases or sulfide gases may cause a sulfide film or oxide film to form on the surfaces of the contacts and/or it may interfere with the functions. Check out the atmosphere in which the units are to be stored and transported.

## ● Package

In terms of the packing format used, make every effort to keep the effects of moisture, organic gases and sulfide gases to the absolute minimum.

## ● Silicon

When a source of silicone substances (silicone rubber, silicone oil, silicone coating materials and silicone filling materials etc.) is used around the relay, the silicone gas (low molecular siloxane etc.) may be produced.

This silicone gas may penetrate into the inside of the relay. When the relay is kept and used in this condition, silicone compound may adhere to the relay contacts which may cause the contact failure.

Do not use any sources of silicone gas around the relay (Including plastic seal types).

## ● NOx Generation

When relay is used in an atmosphere high in humidity to switch a load which easily produces an arc, the NOx created by the arc and the water absorbed from outside the relay combine to produce nitric acid.

This corrodes the internal metal parts and adversely affects operation.

Avoid use at an ambient humidity of 85%RH or higher (at 20°C). If use at high humidity is unavoidable, please contact our sales representative.

## Others

### ■ Cleaning

• Although the environmentally sealed type relay (plastic sealed type, etc.) can be cleaned, avoid immersing the relay into cold liquid (such as cleaning solvent) immediately after soldering. Doing so may deteriorate the sealing performance.

• Cleaning with the boiling method is recommended(The temperature of cleaning liquid should be 40°C or lower ).

Avoid ultrasonic cleaning on relays. Use of ultrasonic cleaning may cause breaks in the coil or slight sticking of the contacts due to ultrasonic energy.

Please refer to **"the latest product specifications"** when designing your product.

•Requests to customers:

<https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/salespolicies/>

---

Please contact .....

**Panasonic Corporation**

Electromechanical Control Business Division

■1006, Oaza Kadoma, Kadoma-shi, Osaka 571-8506, Japan  
[industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/](http://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/)

**Panasonic**<sup>®</sup>

©Panasonic Corporation 2021